

# **LAPEX R**

Polyphenylene Sulphone (PPSU).

Unfilled. Low smoke density and low toxicity index. Very high dimensional stability.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES	STANDARD	VALUE MEASURE UNITS
Density	ISO 1183	1.30 g/cm³
Linear shrinkage at moulding		
Longitudinal (0.078in/8,700psi)	ISO 294-4	0.008 ÷ 0.009 in/in
Transversal (0.078in/8,700psi)	ISO 294-4	0.008 ÷ 0.009 in/in
Dimensional stability		80
Moisture absorption (in air)		
after 24hrs	ISO 62-4	0.08 %
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES	STANDARD	VALUE MEASURE UNITS
CHARPY impact strength		
Unnotched, at +73°F	ISO 179-1eU	NB
Notched, at +73°F	ISO 179-1eA	28.04 ft.lb/in <sup>2</sup>
Tensile elongation		
At yield (0.196 in/min), 73°F	ISO 527 (1)	5.3 %
At yield (0.196 in/min), 140°F	ISO 527 (1)	4.6 %
At yield (0.196 in/min), 195°F	ISO 527 (1)	3.8 %
At yield (0.196 in/min), 250°F	ISO 527 (1)	3.3 %
At yield (0.196 in/min), 300°F	ISO 527 (1)	2.8 %
At break (0.196 in/min), 73°F	ISO 527 (1)	>100.0
At break (0.196 in/min), 140°F	ISO 527 (1)	>100.0
At break (0.196 in/min), 195°F	ISO 527 (1)	>100.0
At break (0.196 in/min), 250°F	ISO 527 (1)	>100.0
At break (0.196 in/min), 300°F	ISO 527 (1)	>100.0
Tensile strength		
At yield (0.196 in/min), 73°F	ISO 527 (1)	11600 psi
At yield (0.196 in/min), 140°F	ISO 527 (1)	10200 psi
At yield (0.196 in/min), 195°F	ISO 527 (1)	8700 psi
At yield (0.196 in/min), 250°F	ISO 527 (1)	7200 psi
At yield (0.196 in/min), 300°F	ISO 527 (1)	5800 psi
At break (0.196 in/min), 73°F	ISO 527 (1)	NB
At break (0.196 in/min), 140°F	ISO 527 (1)	NB
At break (0.196 in/min), 195°F	ISO 527 (1)	NB
At break (0.196 in/min), 250°F	ISO 527 (1)	NB
At break (0.196 in/min), 300°F	ISO 527 (1)	NB
Elastic modulus		
Tensile (speed 0.04 in/min), at 73°F	ISO 527 (1)	380 kpsi
Tensile (speed 0.04 in/min), at 140°F	ISO 527 (1)	320 kpsi
Tensile (speed 0.04 in/min), at 195°F	ISO 527 (1)	290 kpsi
Tensile (speed 0.04 in/min), at 250°F	ISO 527 (1)	260 kpsi
Tensile (speed 0.04 in/min), at 300°F	ISO 527 (1)	230 kpsi



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STANDARD	VALUE MEASURE UNITS
ISO 11359-2	32 µin/(in⋅°F)
ISO 11359-2	36 µin/(in⋅°F)
ISO 11359-2	31 µin/(in⋅°F)
ISO 306	419 °F
ISO 75	419 °F
ISO 75	401 °F
ASTM E1641/E1877	374 °F
STANDARD	VALUE MEASURE UNITS
ASTM D 2863	37 %
UL 94	V-0
UL 94	V-0
STANDARD	VALUE MEASURE UNITS
ASTM D 257	1E12 ohm
	ISO 11359-2 ISO 11359-2 ISO 11359-2 ISO 306 ISO 75 ISO 75 ISO 75 ASTM E1641/E1877 STANDARD ASTM D 2863 UL 94 UL 94 UL 94 STANDARD



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#### MATERIAL - STORAGE

Sealed, undamaged packages has to be kept in dry storage facilities, providing they are also able to protect them from weather and accidental damages.

# **HANDLING AND SAFETY**

Detailed information about a safe treatment of the material are indicated in the "Material Safety Data Sheet" (MSDS) furnished with the first material supply. The MSDS may be also sent again in case of loss.

#### PREDRYING CONDITIONS

#### At least 3 hours at 284 ÷ 356°F

These are the suggested conditions to reduce the moisture content to adequate levels. Temperature and drying time can be reduced by using vacuum ovens

# ACTUAL MELT TEMPERATURE

#### 644 ÷ 716°F

The injection molding machine settings needed to obtain the suggested melt temperature will depend greatly on shot size and machine capacity, as well as other molding parameters such as: injection speed, screw RPM, back pressure, etc. On small machines, running short cycles, it is possible to use higher melt temperatures to improve plastification, fluidity and surface appearance, paying attention to any indication of material degradation.

# MOLD TEMPERATURE

#### 284 ÷ 356°F

The mold temperature suggested above is the actual tool steel temperature. This can be significantly different from the tool settings, due to the cooling system efficiency and the accuracy of the temperature control on the tool.

#### INJECTION SPEED

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The advisable injection speed greatly depends on cavity geometry and injection molding machine size. The use of high injection speed can improve the surface appearance, but it can also cause outgassing and burn marks due to overheating through shear stress.

### REGRIND USAGE

The use of regrind is possible, but should be assessed on the basis of the project, moulding parameters, and type of grinding used. The effect of using regrind on material properties must be evaluated by the customer on its specific project and process. High percentages of regrind may cause a reduction in viscosity, reducing mechanical properties, first resilience.

### HOT RUNNER MOLDS

Hot runner moulds may be used when a very tight temperature control is assured.



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# TO AVOID

In order to prevent any material degradation, over-dimensioned machines should be avoided.

#### **NOTES**

Versions of product mentioned herein are suitable for applications in contact with foodstuff or for potable water transportation, or for toy manufacturing. However, manufactured parts have to be verified according to the specific directives. Versions of product mentioned herein may support applications in the pharmaceutical, medical or dental sector. However, manufactured parts have to be verified according to the specific directives.

#### **APPROVALS**

USA (NSF51): Product versions approved according NSF51 recommendations are available.

#### **CONTACTS**

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Values shown are based on testing of Injection moulded laboratory (set specimens, conditioned according to the standard and represent data that fall within the standard range of properties for non-coloured material, if not otherwise specified. As they may be subject to variations, these values do not represent a sufficient basis for any part design and are not intended for use in establishing values for specification purposes. Properties of moulded parts can be influenced by a wide range of factors including, but not limited to, colorants, part design, processing conditions, posit-treatment conditions, environmental conditions and usage of regrind during the moulding process. If data are explicitly findicated as provisional, range of properties has to be considered wider. This information and technical assistance are provided as a convenience for information purposes only and are subject to change without notice. The customer shall always ensure that the latest release of technical information is a transposal programming to proceed the product, and assume no responsibility for international purposes and sufficiency of the information provided, and assume no responsibility for international as even as a sufficiency of the information provided, and assume no responsibility for international as even as the summary of the information provided, and assume no responsibility for international purposes from a technical as well as well as health, safety, and environmental standpoint. Such testing has not necessarily been done by us as the manner in which the customer uses and the purpose to which utilises our products are beyond our control. Lalf S.p.A. does not accept and hereby discinsification provided in the substance and the purpose from a technical as well as health, safety, and environmental standpoint. Such testing has not necessarily been done by us as the manner in which the customer uses and the purpose to which utilises our products are beyond our control. Lalf S.p.A. does not accept and hereby discinsificat

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